

BASS CONNECTIONS

Introduction and Background

Currently, across the Duke campus, there is a growing emphasis on student-led sustainability efforts. However, students do not have access to transparent data on energy usage and waste.

- Natural gas: 49% of Duke's campus energy with carbon emissions levels; unaffected by grid decarbonization.
- Energy Information Tool: steam and hot water used primarily for sterilization and building heating
 - analyzes the past nine months of Duke's steam use data for each building
 - model predicting steam consumption for any building, day, or time
 - o presents this on a website accessible to the Duke student body.

The project's engineering component collects data on energy loss from automatic doors using WiFi-compatible sensors linked to the web tool.

Objectives

The Energy Information Tool was developed to

- **Democratize** energy usage data.
- Empower students, student groups, activists, and community members
- Find better solutions to energy waste at Duke.



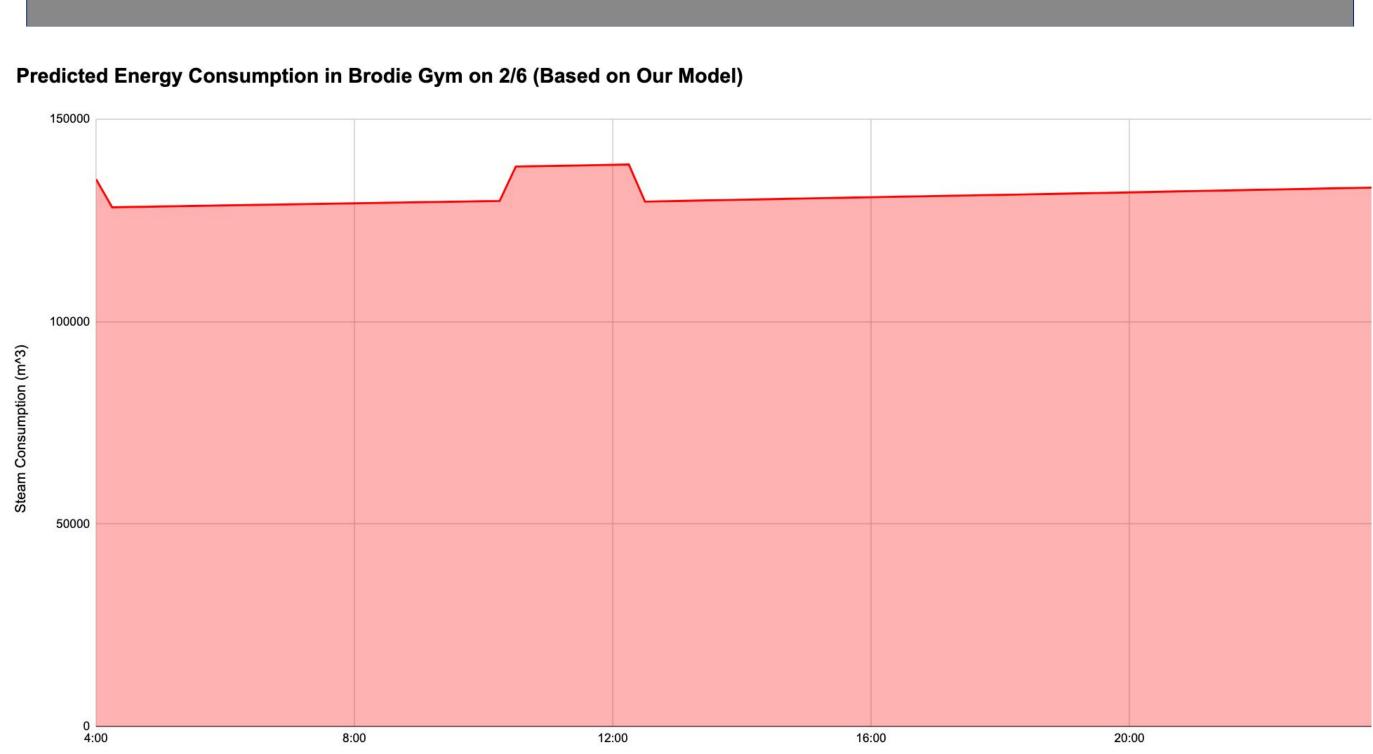
Our data module tool aims to assess and find appropriate solutions to energy wastes through automatic doors at Duke.

Acknowledgments: TAs Dhruv Javeri & Jenny Ronderos, Duke MEMS Lab Managers Patrick McGuire & Eric Stach, & the Duke Facilities Staff for providing access to the energy use data

ENERGY INFORMATION TOOL

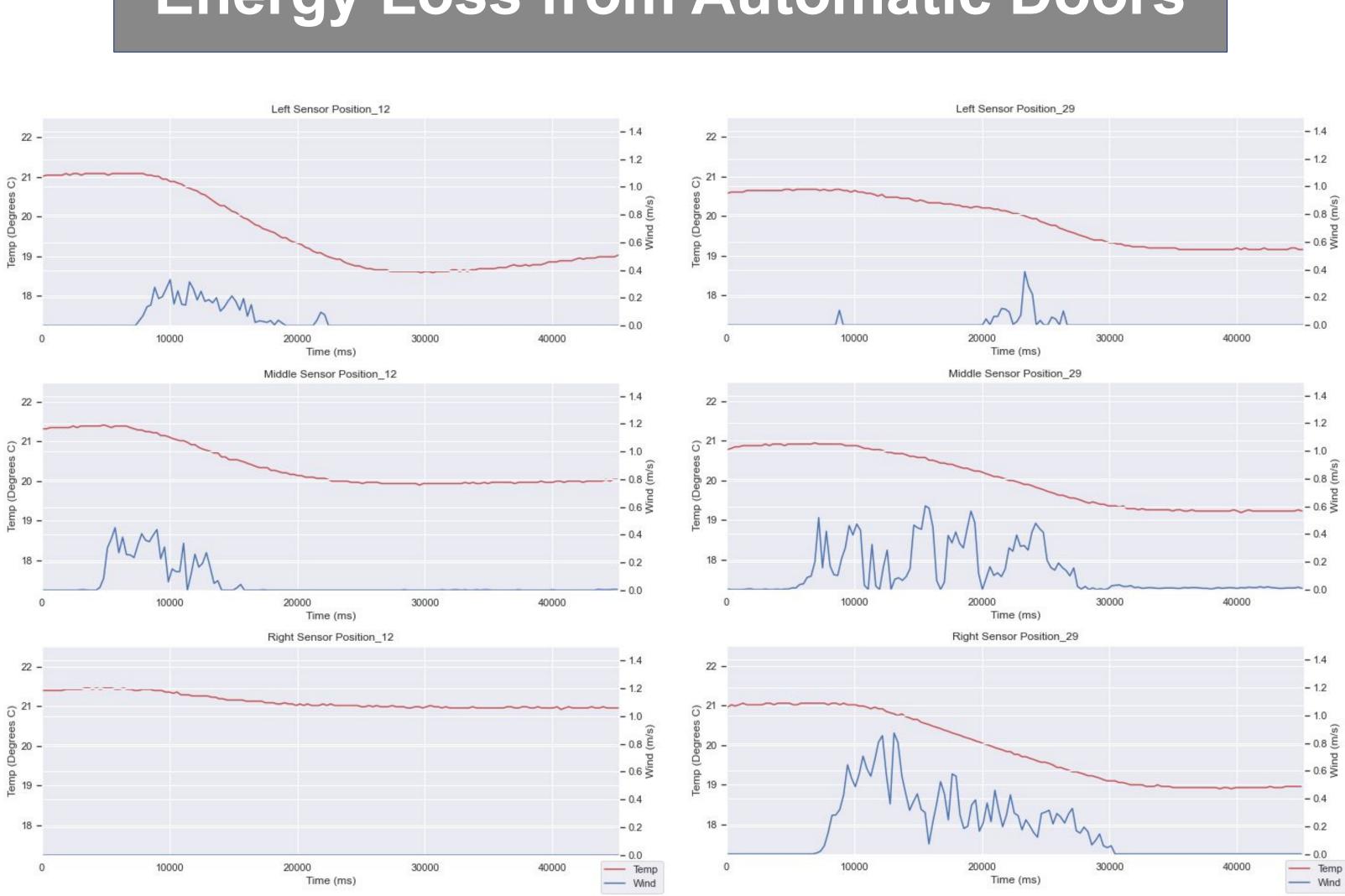
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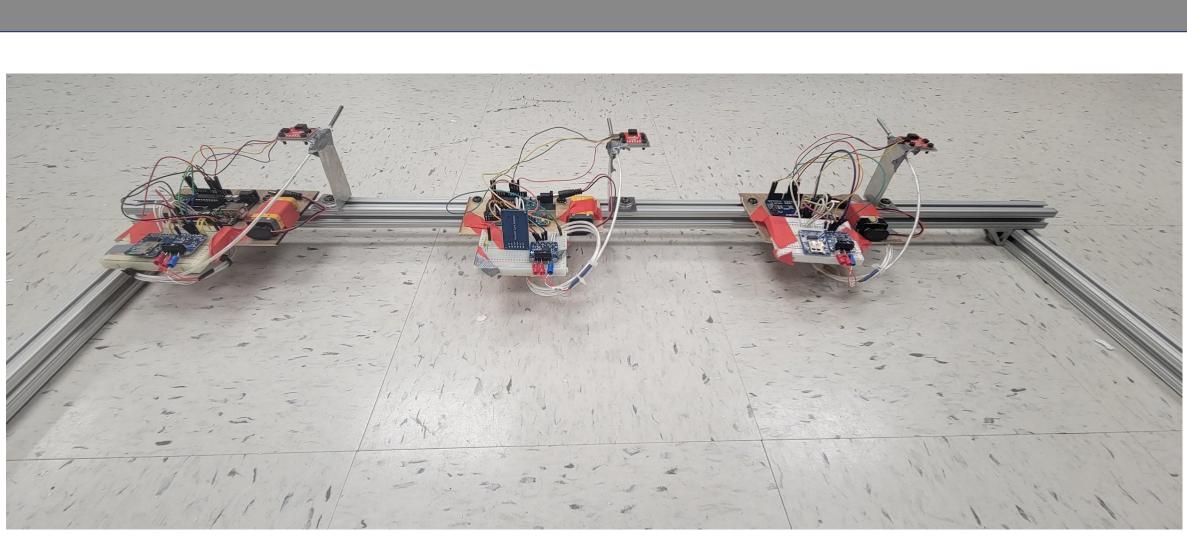
Example output from our steam use model for Brodie Gym on a given day. Our predictive model and analysis of steam use trends will give our website's users insight into how steam use could be more efficient and reduce Duke's natural gas-related emissions.

Energy Loss from Automatic Doors



Experimental data gathered across **lateral** sections of a door. The difference in gradients are affected by the positioning while opening and distance from the door.

Energy Information Tool



- for model

Our work on this project will provide a platform for **policy advocacy and action** at Duke through cooperating on projects with campus-affiliated environmental and conservation groups.

On the engineering side, while our model does not have a high level of robustness, it has been demonstrated that modular data tools can be incorporated into the website, making it customizable for multiple scenarios in the future.

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Bass Connections in Energy & Environment

Process and Results

• Developed sensor packs with wind sensor and **RTD thermocouple** to gather experimental data

• Model is used for real-time energy loss calculations with our final sensor pack • This separate real-time sensor pack uploads data over Duke Visitor WiFi, into the web tool

Conclusion

References