Voices Together: Music Therapy and Autism in Elementary Schools

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Background

- Music stimulates both spoken and sung language areas of the brain and enhances connectivity of the neural pathways between them ^{1,2}
- Music therapy (MT) uses music as a medium to implement therapeutic techniques designed to improve verbal output, socialization, and selfadvocacy ³
- Few studies have systematically tested the effects of MT for individuals with ASD ³
- We worked with Voices Together a non-profit organization that provides structured MT lessons – to test the efficacy of a MT program

Research Question

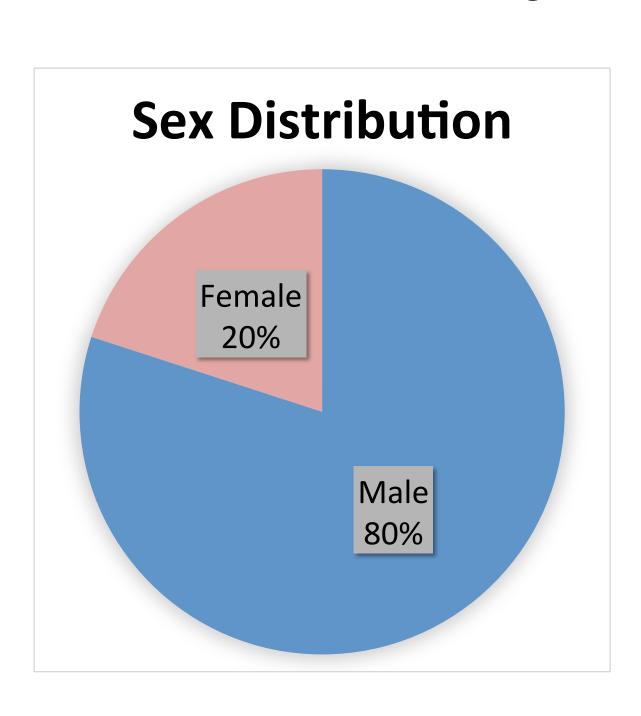
What are the effects of the Voices Together MT program on social, emotional, and communicative skills of children with ASD in elementary school classrooms?

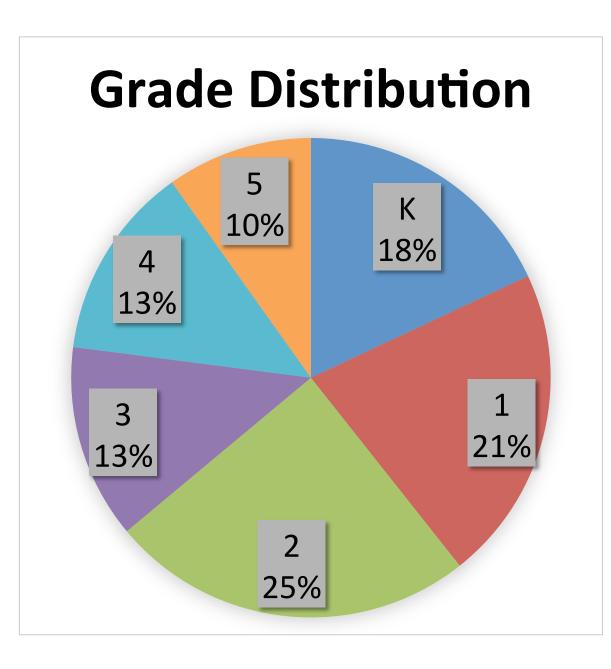
Participants

- N = 64
- 9 classrooms from a school system in NC

Participant characteristics

- Average language level: 3.02
 - Able to creatively combine 2-3 words, increasing vocabulary





 23 probes measure change over time in communication & awareness of self and others

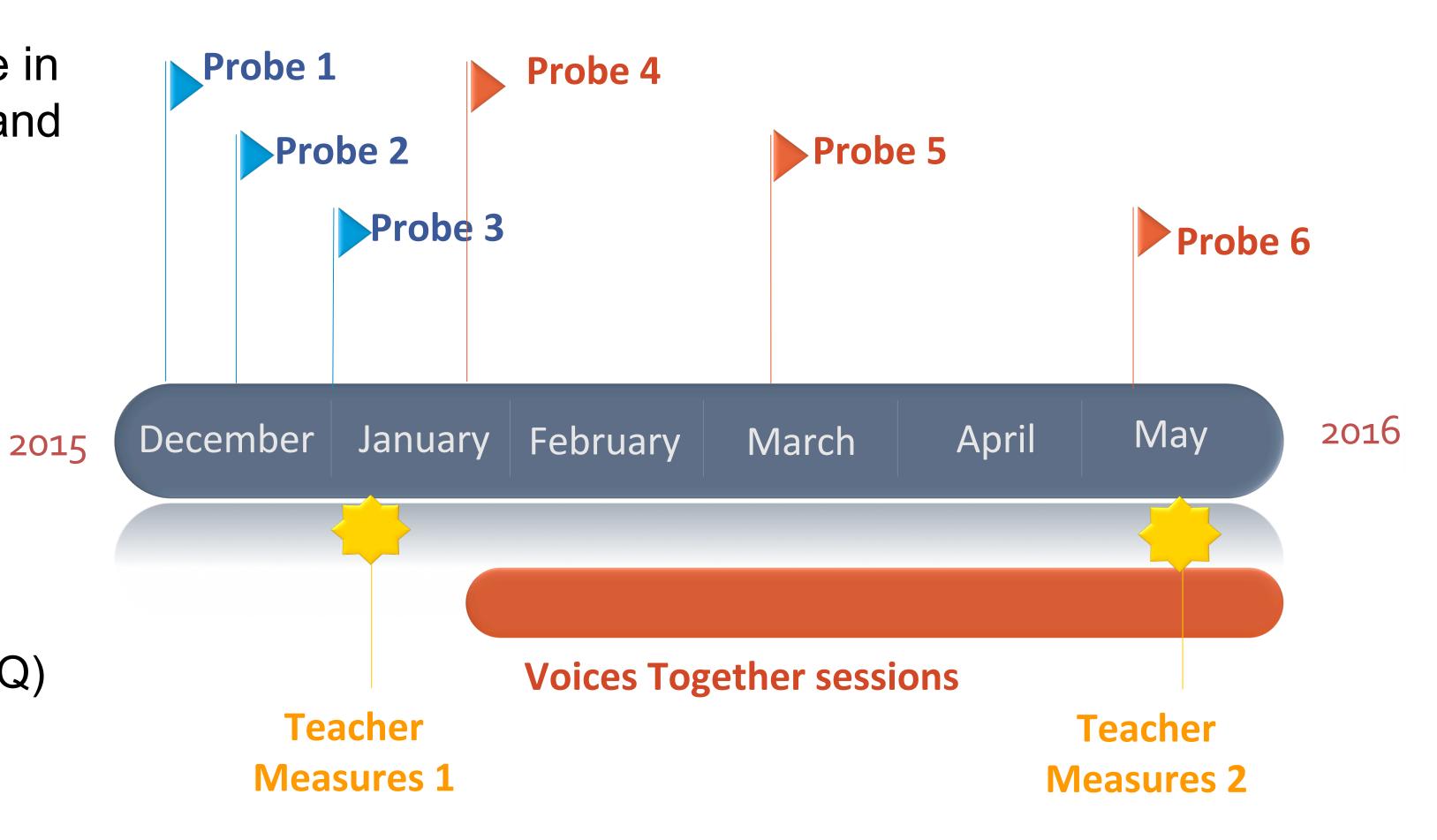
Probes

Possible total score: 1-47

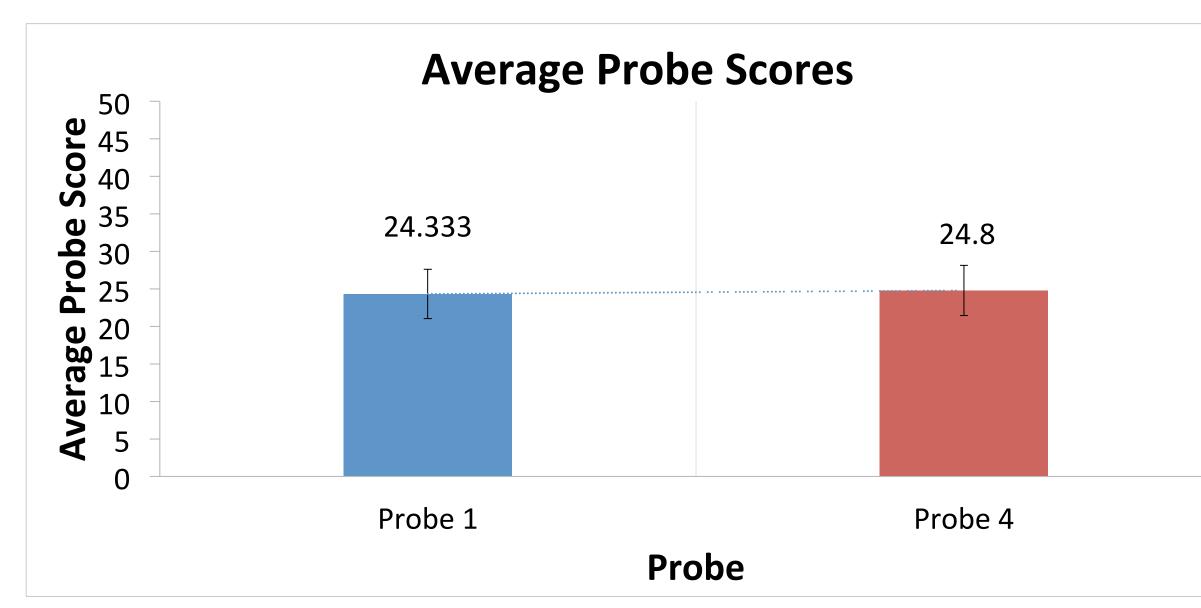
Teacher Measures

- Teacher assessments of each student before and after MT treatment
- PDDBI
 - Assesses problem behaviors, and social, language, & learning skills
- Student Adjustment Questionnaire (SAQ)
 - Assesses group engagement, self-regulation, & turn-taking

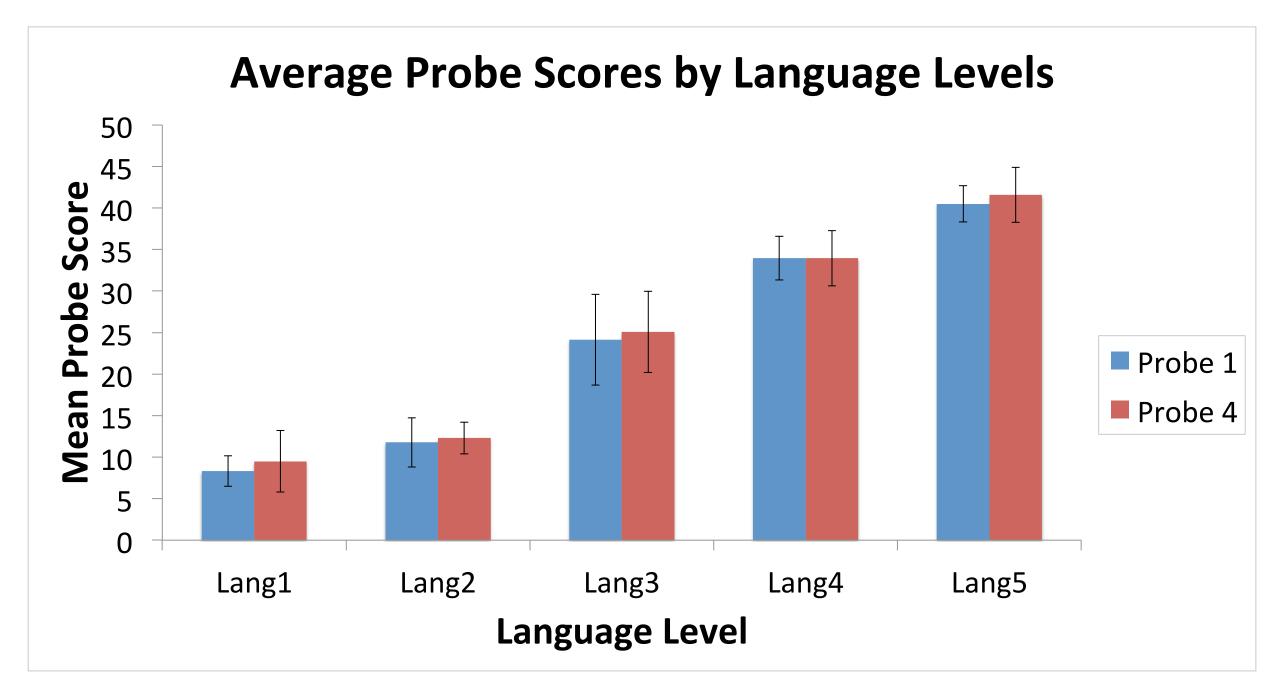
Methods



Preliminary Results



*Pre-treatment probe scores did not significantly differ



*Probes seem to be correlated with language ability

Future Directions

- Currently collecting probe data for times 5 and 6 to assess changes in skills due to MT sessions
- Assessing PDDBI and SAQ to determine change over time and relationship to probe data

Implications

 The aim for this research is to quantitatively assess MT outcomes in order to support Voices Together and improve access to music therapy services.

References

1. Sharda, M., Midha, R., Malik, S., Mukerji, S., & Singh, N. C. (2015). Fronto-Temporal Connectivity is Preserved During Sung but Not Spoken Word Listening, Across the Autism Spectrum. *Autism Research*, *8*(2), 174–186. doi:10.1002/aur.1437 2. Wan, C., & Schlaug, G. (2010). Neural pathways for language in autism: the potentail for music-based treatments. *Future Neurology*, *5*(6), 797–805. 3. Geretsegger, M., Elefant, C., Mossler, K. A, & Gold, C. (2014). Music therapy for people with autism spectrum disorder. *The Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews*, (6), Issue 6 Art. No.: CD004381. doi:10.1002/14651858.CD004381.pub3

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